Addition KS2

KS1	Pupils should practise addition to 20 and within to become increasingly fluent. They should use the facts they know to derive others, e.g. using 7 + 3 = 10 to find 17 + 3 = 20, 70 + 30 = 100 They should use concrete objects and practical apparatus, such as bead strings and number lines to explore additions including missing numbers. Use pictorial representations such as bar models and whole part diagrams to show additive relationships. 100 squares could be used to explore patterns in calculations such as 74 +11, 77 + 9 encouraging children to think about 'What do you notice?' where partitioning or adjusting is used. Pupils should learn to check their calculations, by using the inverse. They should continue to see addition as both combining groups and counting on. They should use Dienes to model partitioning into tens and ones* and learn to rearrange numbers in different ways e.g. 23 = 20 + 3 = 10 + 13. Show understanding that adding zero leaves a number unchanged.							
Year		3			4			
Layers of vocabulary Appendix 1a Beck's Tiers of Vocabulary Appendix 1b: Vocabulary book	double, near double one more how many more to much more is? Instructional vocabulary explain your method e example of show how	(Beck's Tiers): olus make, sum, total alto e more, two more ten n o make? how many mo y: explain how you got yo w you show your wo	nore one hundred re is than? how our answer give an rking	Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers): add, addition, more, plus, increase sum, total, altogether score double, near double how many more to make? Instructional vocabulary: calculate, work out, solve investigate, question answer check				
NC 2014	Add and subtract number	ers with up to 3 digits, us	ing formal written	Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written method of				
	methods of columnar ad	dition and subtraction.		columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate. Solve addition and				
				subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and				
Developing Conceptual/ Procedural Understanding	Near doubles 13+14 = Double 13= 26 26+1 = 27 or Double 14 = 28 28-1= 27 Using known facts 40 + 80 = 120 using 4 + 8 = 12 So 400 + 800 = 1200	Start with least significant digit 67 ± 24 11 (7+4) ± 80 (60+20) 91 "7 add 4 equals 11 and 60 add 20 equals 80. 1+ 0 = 1 and 1 ten + 8 tens = 9 tens"	Columnar addition 625 <u>+ 48</u> <u>673</u> 1 Teach the carried digit.	methods to use and why. Using known facts 40 + 80 = 120 using 4 + 8 = 12 So 400 + 800 = 1200 and 4000+8000=12,000 Remodelling strategy 3548 + 1998 3546 + 2000 = 5546 Place value materials to represent calculations	Columnar addition 587 + 475 1062 11 "7 add 5 equals 12. That's 2 units and 1 ten to carry over. 80 add 70 equals 150 and the1 ten to carry makes 160. That's 6 tens and 100 to carry over. 500 add 400 equals 900 and the 1 hundred to carry makes 1000"	Columnar addition (decimals) in contexts such as money and measurement 12.45 7.36 + 24.50 44.31 1 1 Representing problems There are 259 more boys than girls in Lucy's school. If there are 789 girls, how many pupils are there altogether?		

Dothill January 2020

				Additi	on KS2		
		625 <u>+ 48</u> 13 (60 (place value al addition of	Representing problems There are 334 children at Springfield School and 75 at Oak Nursery. How many children are there altogether?		$\begin{array}{r} 7648 \\ +1486 \\ 14 (8+6) \\ 120 (40+80) \\ 1000 (600+400) \\ + \underline{8000} (7000+1000) \\ 9134 \\ 7648 \\ + 1486 \\ \underline{9134} \\ 111 \end{array}$? 759 759 + 259
Known facts	Derive and use addition and subtraction facts to 100, e.g. 33+ 67 =100.			Derive and use addition and subtraction facts (for multiples of 10) to 1000, e.g. 330+ 670=1000.			
Essential knowledge	Add single digit bridging through boundaries		Add mu	ultiples of 10,100	Fluency of 2 digit + 2 digit		Add multiples of 10, 100 and 1000
	Partition second number to add		Pairs of 100 (complements of 100)		Partition second number to add		Decimal pairs of 10 and 1
	Use near doubles to add		Add near multiples of 10 and 100 by rounding and adjusting		Use near doubles to add		Adjust both numbers before adding
	Partition and recom				Add near multiples		Partition and recombine

Addition KS2

Year	5			6			
Layers of vocabulary	Basic to subject specific (I add, addition, more, plus, near double how many mo	increase sum,	, total, altogether score double, ?	Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers): add, addition, more, plus, increase sum, total, altogether score double, near double how many more to make?			
Appendix 1a Beck's Tiers of Vocabulary Appendix 1b: Vocabulary book	Instructional vocabulary: put, place arrange, rearra	nge change, c	hange over split, separate	Instructional vocabulary: put, place arrange, rearrange change, change over adjusting, adjust split, separate carry on, continue, repeat what comes next? predict describe the pattern, describe the rule find, find all, find different investigate			
NC 2014		ods (columna ction multi-ste	• •	Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division.			
Developing Conceptual/ Procedural Understanding	Columnar addition Include calculations involving more than 2 numbers and carrying figures >1. 25567 16397 +15984 57948 1121 Include calculations with 'empty columns'. 124.9 + 7.25 124.90 + 7.25 132.25 1	Representing problems If 2541 is the answer, what's the question? - Can you create three addition calculations? - Can you create three subtraction calculations? - Did you use a strategy?		Columnar addition Include calculations with up to 3 'empty columns'. 128.7 + 3.014 128.700 <u>+3.014</u> <u>131.714</u> 1	Representing problems 7208 females attended a concert as well as 8963 males. There were originally 20000 seats on sale. How many empty seats were there at the concert?		
Known facts	Derive and use addition and subtraction facts to 10 and 1, e.g. 3.3+ 6.7 =10 and so 0.33 + 0.67 = 1.			All the KS2 required facts			
Essential knowledge	Fluency of 2 digit + 2 dig with decimals Partition second numb	er to add	Add multiples of 10, 100, 1000 and tenths Use number facts, bridging and place value	decimals 1000, tenths a Partition second number to add Use number and pla		Add multiples of 10, 100, 1000, tenths and hundredths Use number facts, bridging and place value	
	Adjust numbers to add Partition and		Partition and recombine	Adjust numbers to add		Partition and recombine	